

# **Corporate Social Responsibility Policy**

## **OBJECTIVE:**

The main objective of Corporate Social Responsibility Policy or CSR Policy is to make CSR a key business process for sustainable development of the society. Hind Rectifiers Limited will act as a good corporate citizen and aims at supplementing the role of Government in enhancing the welfare measures of the society within the framework of its policy.

This Policy shall be read in line with Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and such other rules, regulations, circulars, and notifications as may be applicable and as amended from time to time.

#### **MEASURES:**

Policy on CSR of the Company is broadly framed taking into account the following measures:

The CSR activities shall be undertaken by company, as stated in this Policy, as projects or programs or activities (either new or ongoing), excluding activities undertaken in pursuance of its normal course of business.

The CSR activities which are exclusively for the benefit of Company employees or their family members shall not be considered as CSR activity.

The following is the list of CSR projects or programs which company plans to undertake pursuant to Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013:

1. Eradicating hunger, poverty and malnutrition, promoting preventive health care and sanitation including contribution to the Swatch Bharat Kosh set-up by the Central Government for the promotion of sanitation and making available safe drinking water;

2. Promoting education, including special education and employment enhancing vocation skills especially among children, women, elderly, and the differently ambled and livelihood enhancement projects;

3. Promoting gender equality, empowering women, setting up homes and hostels for women and orphans; setting up old age homes, day care centers and such other facilities for senior citizens and measures for reducing inequalities faced by socially and economically backward groups;

4. Ensuring environmental sustainability, ecological balance, protection of flora and fauna, animal welfare, agro forestry, conservation of natural resources and maintaining quality of soil, air and water including contribution to the Clean Ganga Fund setup by the Central Government for rejuvenation of river Ganga;

5. Protection of national heritage, art and culture including restoration of buildings and sites of historical importance and works of art; setting up public libraries; promotion and development of traditional arts and handicrafts;



6. Measures for the benefit of armed forces veterans, war widows and their dependents;

7. Training to promote rural sports, nationally recognized sports, Paralympics sports and Olympic sports;

8. Contribution to the Prime Minister's National Relief Fund or any other fund set up by the Central Government for socio-economic development and relief and welfare of the Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes, other backward classes, minorities and women;

9. Contributions or funds provided to technology incubators located within academic institutions which are approved by the Central Government;

10. Rural development projects;

11. Slum area development;

12. Any other measures with the approval of Board of Directors on the recommendation of CSR Committee subject to the provisions of Section 135 of Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under.

## THE GEOGRAPHIC AREA:

The Act provides that the Company shall give preference to the local area and areas around it where it operates, for spending the amount earmarked for Corporate Social Responsibility. However, the Committee may identify such areas other than stated above, as it may deem fit, and recommend it to the Board for undertaking CSR activities.

#### ALLOCATION OF FUNDS AND BUDGETS:

The company would spend at least 2% of the average Net Profits of the Company made during the three immediately preceding financial years. The surplus arising out of the CSR activity will not be part of business profits of the Company. The company may build CSR capacities of its personnel and/or those of its implementing agencies through institutions with established track records of at least three financial years but such expenditure shall not exceed five percent of total CSR expenditure of the Company in one financial year.

CSR expenditure shall include all expenditure including contribution to corpus, for projects or programs relating to CSR activities approved by the Board on the recommendation of the CSR Committee, but does not include any expenditure on any item not in conformity or not in line with activities which fall within the purview of Schedule VII of the Companies Act 2013.

The CSR projects or programs or activities undertaken in India only shall amount to CSR expenditure.

In case Company fails to spend such amount, the Board shall specify the reasons for not spending the amount.

Tax treatment of CSR spent will be in accordance with the Income Tax Act as may be notified by CBDT.



## THE CSR COMMITTEE SHALL:

1. Formulate and recommend to the Board, a CSR policy which shall indicate the activities to be undertaken by the Company as specified in schedule VII of Companies Act, 2013;

2. Recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the activities; and

3. Monitor the CSR Policy and CSR Activities of the company from time to time.

# CSR REPORTING AND COMMUNICATION:

The Board of the company shall after taking into account the recommendations made by the CSR Committee, approve the policy for the company and disclose contents of such Policy in its Annual Report and also place it on the company's website.

#### **PARTNERSHIPS:**

Collaborative partnerships may form with the Government, the District Authorities, the village panchayats, NGOs and other like-minded stakeholders. This helps widen the Company's reach and leverage upon the collective expertise, wisdom and experience that these partnerships bring to the table.

#### UPDATE:

CSR Committee of Company will review the policy from time to time based on the changing needs and aspirations of the target beneficiaries and make suitable modifications as may be necessary.